## **Toolmakers find strength as teams** *Alliances reap tax breaks, bidding power, better ideas*

BY RHODA MIEL CRAIN NEWS SERVICE

The 16 tool and die makers that form the Global Tooling Alliance first joined forces for a tax break.

But now they're finding more reasons to stick together, and finding ways to cooperate and help each other through a tough economy.

"The more we know each other, the more we find that we learn from each other," said Patrick Riley, president of injection mold tooling company Exceptional Mold & Engineering Inc. in Romeo.

The alliance is one of 24 groups or individual companies that have been approved for a limited number of tax-free "recovery zones" for tooling companies.

The zones, approved by the state of Michigan in 2004, are designated to help toolmakers with 75 or fewer employees. The zones cover 218 companies in 31 counties, with some alliances — including GTA — still accepting members.



Rick Radtke works on a mold for Exceptional Mold & Engineering Inc. in Romeo. The company is part of the Global Tooling Alliance.

Some firms sought individual status for a renaissance zone. Others, like the tooling and tooling-parts companies that make up GTA, worked together from the start, joining forces to hire a consultant who could walk them through the approval process.

Once they won approval in December, GTA members found that cooperation has other benefits that go beyond tax breaks.

Sometimes they share ideas on best practices for operations or hiring. Alliance members are reaching out to other shops that can help with specialized equipment.

Another tooling group, the United Tooling Coalition, has been developing ways to bid jointly on contracts, which will allow groups of smaller tool and die shops to seek large contracts together — work they could not handle as individual businesses.

At the SAE International 2008 World Congress, held in Detroit in April, GTA members pooled resources to create and staff a booth and reach potential customers.

"We could probably never afford it individually," said Gary Kimmen, president of Top Craft Tool Inc. in Clinton Township and current GTA president.

"Together, between the 16 of us, it was \$300 apiece. That was an easy choice."

Michigan is unique in the U.S. for its tax- free zones that provide incentives for firms to work together, said Jeff Mengel, a partner with Chicago consulting group Plante & Moran P.L.L.C. But there are similar zones in other countries, including South Korea and China, which compete against firms.

## Team: Alliances reap tax breaks, bidding power

Landing a spot in a taxfree zone is not enough in

itself to preserve a struggling firm and some local governments have rejected bids by toolmakers wanting to join alliances. However, the nature of the coalitions sets a framework for other cooperative efforts that potentially could add 5 percent to 15 percent to a company's bottom line from a variety of yen- tires, some of them as simple as renting time to fellow members on idle equipment.

"The best benefit beyond the tax issue is that the small guy with limited resources can broaden his appeal," Mengel said.

United Tooling Coalition is taking advantage of still other benefits. UTC has been working with the Ann Arbor-based Center for Automotive Research, an industry consulting group, to find ways to help shops help each other. That could mean that one shop with experience in lean manufacturing gives tips to other companies or rents space on equipment that its coalition partners do not have.

## That arrangement makes it easier for customers that want to reduce their number of suppliers, and gives member firms an edge in winning contracts,

Large toolmakers could provide the same package of services, she said, but the small companies within AMS aren't on that same competitive level individually. The seven firms collectively employ 500 workers and bring in \$75 million in sales. Together they have more power. and that power extends beyond sales.

she said.

The group is exploring the potential to pool funds to reduce overhead costs in areas like counting, payroll, employee training and p chasing.

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The automotive research group also has set up formal systems that allow individual companies to bid on projects jointly.

"Small businesses in general need to build up to an economy of scale, but they can't always afford to do that," said Laurie Moncrief, president of UTC member Schmald Tool & Die Inc., a 20-employee firm in Burton, near Flint. "It affects everything from getting the best employees to purchasing power. But these days, your small business isn't just competing with the guy across the street anymore. We're competing against entire countries."

Moncrief also is taking the lessons from UTC one step further. Schmald, which makes both dies and injection-mold tooling, is now part of a new seven-business collaboration called Adaptive Manufacturing Solutions. The group is looking at ways to expand cooperation along the supply chain. The alliance includes companies that handle machining and build automated cells or hot-runner systems. Even some specialists in shipping and handling of large parts are members.

"I would never speak to my customers about something like returnable shipping containers, but half of my customers need to know about this, about how we're handling these," Moncrief said.

Working jointly, the group can look at a wider range of products. That means members' customers can go to one place and come up with a package that could include the tool, a specialized work cell, robotics and even the best way to package finished parts.

Creating cooperative groups is not e though. Historically, toolmakers are entrepreneurs who prefer to work independently. They are cautious about letting anyone else, especially potential competitors, inside their operations.

"The hardest thing is to find companies can work together," Moncrief said, noting 5 has been working on the AMS concept for years. "There is a trust level there that takes time. It takes years."

But at the same time, collaboration is worth pursuing.

"People think I'm kind of crazy, but I think there are more opportunities out there then ever before," Moncrief said. "It's just going t take us looking at things in new ways."

Mengel said he expects that if Michigan tooling alliances prove there is value in small shops working together, the concept w spread, even without government support.

"You don't need tax incentives to make - work," he said. "The tax incentives are (nice) but there are other benefits.

"If Michigan can prove it works beyond that, then you could find coalitions forming else where," he added.